

# Anti-bullying policy (including Cyberbullying)



MELBOURNE  
ARCHDIOCESE  
CATHOLIC SCHOOLS



ST PATRICK'S  
PARISH PRIMARY SCHOOL

## Introduction

At St Patrick's Primary School the dignity of the human person is the foundation of all Catholic social teaching and is intrinsic to our education ministry. Consequently, the principle that the person is made in the image and likeness of God is central to the mission of our parish school.

This policy identifies the interconnectedness of the characteristics of quality Catholic learning and teaching. It is intended to value, respect and promote the self-esteem and dignity of each student. The school will actively promote anti-bullying messages, alerting students and staff of the need to be vigilant.

It is essential that we create and maintain a respectful, safe and supportive learning environment that promotes student wellbeing, personal growth and positive self-esteem amongst our diverse range of learners ([eXcel: Wellbeing for learning in Catholic school communities](#)).

The prevention of and responses to incidents of bullying, inappropriate use of technology and disrespectful behaviour are more readily achieved in a caring and supportive school culture that promotes positive relationships and reflects Gospel values. Bullying, cyber-bullying, harassment, aggression and violence disregard core values of our faith, including dignity, respect, justice, equity, compassion, trust and courage. Importantly, such actions can adversely affect the wellbeing of our students and are therefore unacceptable.

## Purpose

This policy:

- encourages a culture that is firm about unacceptable behaviour
- articulates how bullying is defined and addressed; including the means taken to prevent incidents and the response taken when an incident occurs
- supports the school's Mission and Vision Statement and guidelines of Melbourne Archdiocese Catholic Schools (MACS)
- actively promotes anti-bullying messages, alerting students and staff of the need to be vigilant.

## Principles

This policy is grounded in the beliefs that:

- every person has the right to be treated respectfully and feel safe from any form of verbal, physical and emotional abuse
- the school is committed to building and nurturing a community that values diversity
- parents are the prime educators of their children
- the school community is involved in the development of school policies
- reporting of unacceptable behaviour is essential to the effective implementation of this policy
- complainant(s) will be protected from victimisation
- learning technologies are used ethically and responsibly in the school environment
- communication is respectful and human dignity is valued
- regular monitoring of school policies is necessary.

## Definitions

**Bullying:** is repeated unreasonable behaviour directed towards a person that creates a risk to health and safety. It occurs when an individual or a group deliberately upsets or hurts another person, their property, reputation or social acceptance on more than one occasion. Forms of bullying include:

**Physical bullying:** pushing, shoving, fighting, pinching and any other unwelcome physical contact used intentionally to intimidate or hurt someone.

**Verbal bullying:** put downs, particularly those referring to physical characteristics, can result in loss of self-esteem. Racial discrimination of any kind is a form of bullying.

**Gesture bullying:** non-verbal signals used to silence and intimidate a victim.

**Extortion bullying:** physically stronger and more powerful students may bully other students into giving up their possessions, buying food and drink, or taking part in rule breaking activities.

**Exclusion bullying:** deliberately being left out of activities is a most hurtful form of bullying.

**Visual bullying:** offensive notes or material, graffiti, or damaging other people's possessions.

**Sexual bullying:** touching, sexually orientated jokes, drawings of, or writing about someone's body, using rude names or commenting about someone's morals, unwanted invitations of a sexual nature, asking questions about someone's private life.

**Cyber-bullying:** the use of various forms of electronic media to spread text and visual messages to cause hurt, embarrassment, intimidation.

**Categories of Bullying:** There are three broad categories of bullying:

1. **Direct physical bullying:** This form includes hitting, tripping, and pushing or damaging property.
2. **Direct verbal bullying:** This form includes name calling, insults, homophobic or racist remarks, or verbal abuse.
3. **Indirect bullying:** This form of bullying is harder to recognise and often carried out behind the bullied person's back. It is designed to harm someone's social reputation and/or cause humiliation. Indirect bullying includes:
  - lying and spreading rumours
  - playing nasty jokes to embarrass and humiliate
  - mimicking
  - encouraging others to socially exclude someone
  - damaging someone's social reputation and social acceptance
  - cyber-bullying, which involves the use of email, text messages or chat rooms to humiliate and distress someone.

### What Bullying is Not

Many distressing behaviours are not examples of bullying, even though they are unpleasant and often require teacher intervention and management. There are three socially unpleasant situations that are often confused with bullying including:

- **Mutual conflict:** In mutual conflict situations, there is an argument or disagreement between students but not an imbalance of power. Both parties are upset and usually both want a resolution to the problem. However, unresolved mutual conflict sometimes develops into a bullying situation, with one person becoming targeted repeatedly for 'retaliation' in a one-sided way.

- **Social rejection or dislike:** Unless the social rejection is directed towards someone specifically and involves deliberate and repeated attempts to cause distress, exclude or create dislike by others, it is not bullying.
- **Single-episode acts:** Single episodes of nastiness or physical aggression are not the same as bullying. If a student is verbally abused or pushed on one occasion they are not being bullied. Nastiness or physical aggression that is directed towards many different students is not the same as bullying.

## Procedures

All members of our school community must be aware of the possibility of bullying and take action to prevent bullying if it is reasonably foreseeable.

### Responsibilities: The school

St Patrick's Primary School will respond to all reported incidents of bullying, perceived or actual, sensitively, fairly and promptly by:

- using an Anti-Bullying Response Pathway when we become aware of incidents. The Pathway assists with a regulated and thorough response (**refer to Appendix 1**). If the school determines that this is indeed a bullying incident, the pathway continues to be followed.
- implementing an Anti-Bullying Action Plan as part of the Response Pathway (**refer to Appendix 2**)
- keeping a written record of any bullying investigation (**refer to Appendix 3**)
- encouraging students, staff and parent and carers to report bullying and cyber-bullying to the class teacher or directly to the principal
- investigating complaints of bullying and cyber-bullying in a manner that respects the dignity and privacy of those involved (**refer to Appendix 5**)
- nominating a person or staff to coordinate strategies for the resolution of specific bullying incidents reported in this school
- notifying parents/guardians of bullying incidents involving their children
- notifying the relevant Regional Learning Consultant of any serious incident
- contacting the Police/Police Youth Liaison Officer if the bullying situation has involved violence, threat of harm or alleged criminal conduct
- maintaining records of bullying incidents and related interventions
- conducting Student Safety Audits at least once a year to promote safe, inclusive and respectful learning environments
- promoting student voice and empowerment in classrooms and through the use of Student Representative Council to discuss matters associated with bullying, cyber bullying, safety and wellbeing
- reviewing and evaluating the school's anti-bullying policy and the responsible use of technology procedures to ensure they are working effectively (**refer to Appendix 4**)
- engaging with parents/guardians to review and evaluate the school's anti-bullying policy and the responsible use of technology procedures to ensure they are working effectively (**refer to Appendix 4**).

### **Responsibilities: Staff**

Staff at St Patrick's Primary School aim to treat all members of the school community with dignity and respect and build respectful relationships that respond effectively and sensitively to the needs of each student by:

- implementing the student anti-bullying and responsible use of technology procedures by responding promptly and appropriately to reported incidents of bullying
- supporting the student anti-bullying and responsible use of technology procedures through positive modelling and the promotion of appropriate behaviour
- engaging in professional learning to support appropriate anti-bullying responses which could include cyber safety, restorative justice practices, mediation and developing social skills in students. Such opportunities are made available to staff on the same basis as other professional learning.
- supporting all aspects of related school policies
- remaining vigilant in how students are using technology through positive modelling and the promotion of appropriate behaviour
- embedding critical thinking, values clarification, respectful relationships and developing empathy into our teaching practice
- responding to bullying and cyber-bullying concerns by providing age appropriate guidance and boundaries so that students can learn to self-regulate.

### **Responsibilities: Students**

Students at St Patrick's Primary School have responsibilities to use technology appropriately and respectfully. The staff at St Patrick's Primary School will encourage and support students to:

- follow the anti-bullying and responsible use of technology procedures
- immediately seek help from a trusted adult if they are aware of or involved in a bullying or cyberbullying incident
- seek support if bullied and refrain from retaliating in any bullying incident
- understand that any social networking site that identifies the school by name or image or implication is part of the school environment
- in age-appropriate circumstances the student should keep evidence of alleged bullying and produce it on request (for example phone text messages).

### **Responsibilities: Parents/Guardians**

Parents/guardians at St Patrick's Primary School have responsibilities to use technology appropriately and respectfully. St Patrick's Primary School will work in partnership with parents/guardians in responding to incidents of bullying. Staff at St Patrick's Primary School will:

- remind parents/guardians about the need to reinforce the school messages in the proper use of technology to help children grow into ethical and responsible digital citizens
- encourage parents/guardians to report serious matters of out-of-school hours bullying and cyber-bullying to the Police or other appropriate authority (such as the Internet Service Provider) and, as relevant, to the school
- ask parents/guardians to contact the school immediately through the class teacher or directly

through the principal if they know of any bullying incident

- expect that parents/guardians will model behaviour that is indicative of Gospel values and that reflect the school's Vision and Mission statement. Thus parents/guardians are required to act respectfully to all members of the school community at all times.
- encourage parents/guardians to report serious matters of out-of-school hours bullying and cyber-bullying to the Police or other appropriate authority (such as the Internet Service Provider). When such bullying concerns the wellbeing of their own child, parents are to contact the principal.

## Guidelines

The school will adopt a four phase approach to bullying.

### A. Primary Prevention:

- Parents, teachers, students and the community will be made aware of the school's position on bullying, through assemblies, newsletters, incursions, posters etc.
- Staff will undertake professional development related to bullying, harassment and strategies that counteract them.
- The school will provide programs that promote life and social skills, assertiveness, conflict resolution, problem solving and resilience, such as the "Rights, Resilience and Respectful Relationships" and "Bounce Back!" programs.
- Each classroom teacher will clarify at the beginning of the year the school policy on bullying.
- Student Representative Council, buddies, staff and students will promote the philosophy of "No Put Downs".
- Each student will take part in lessons from the Bounce Back program's unit 'No Bullying', based on the Social and Emotional competencies (CASEL).
- The school will take part in the annual 'National Day of Action Against Bullying and Violence', which will be co-facilitated by our student leaders.
- Playground audits - to be conducted by student leaders (Student Wellbeing Student Action Team) and the Student Wellbeing Leader on a biannual basis with the aim of seeking 'hot spots' around the playground and investigate ways to combat this.

### B. Early Intervention:

- All members of the school community will be encouraged to report bullying incidents involving themselves or others to a teacher, the Principal or the Student Wellbeing Leader.
- Classroom teachers, on a regular basis, will remind students to report incidents, and that reporting is not dobbing.
- Parents will be encouraged to contact the school if they become aware of a problem.
- The school will publicly recognise and reward positive behaviour and resolution of problems.

### C. Intervention:

- Once identified, the bully, victim and witnesses will be spoken with and all incidents or allegations of bullying will be investigated and documented.
- All parties (bully, victim and bystanders) will be offered counselling and/or support if deemed appropriate.
- If bullying is ongoing, parents will be contacted and consequences implemented.

### D. Post Incident:

- Consequences may involve:

- exclusion from classroom
- exclusion from playground
- withdrawal of privileges
- community service
- ongoing counselling/support from appropriate agency for either the victim and/or 'bully'
- school suspension
- Ongoing monitoring of identified bullies.
- Rewards for positive behaviour

## List of Appendices

- Appendix 1: Anti-bullying response pathway
- Appendix 2: School anti-bullying action plan
- Appendix 3: Bullying record keeping and investigation tool
- Appendix 4: Anti-bullying policy checklist for schools
- Appendix 5: Step-by-Step Guide: Online incidents of inappropriate behaviour affecting students.

## References

- [Privacy Compliance Manual](#) (2020). Catholic Education Commission of Victoria Ltd (CECV) (CEVN website)
- Department of Education and Training (Vic). 2021. [Bullying Prevention and Response Policy](#)
- Department of Education and Training (Vic). 2021. [Cybersafety and Responsible Use of Digital Technologies](#)
- Department of Education and Training (Vic). 2020. [Mobile Phones - Student Use](#).

## Resources

[Bully Stoppers](#) – a resource containing information and advice for the school community, including students, parents and school staff.

[Bullying. No Way!](#) – a website for Australian schools, managed by the Safe and Supportive School Communities Working Group (SSSC) which has representatives from all states and territories, including the Catholic and independent schooling sectors.

[eSmart](#) – assists schools to develop a culture that promotes the safe, smart and responsible use of technology.

[eSafety Commissioner](#) – provides a range of up-to-date information and resources, coupled with a complaints system to assist children who experience serious cyberbullying and image-based abuse.

[Australian Student Wellbeing Framework \(2018\)](#)

[Student Wellbeing Hub](#)

Catholic Education Commission of Victoria Ltd (CECV). (2018). [Introduction to the Principle of Inclusion: Child Safety in Catholic Schools in Victoria](#)

Catholic Education Commission of Victoria Ltd (CECV). (2018). [Positive Behaviour Guidelines](#)

Catholic Education Commission of Victoria Ltd (CECV). (2014). [Whole School Approaches to Supporting Positive Behaviour](#)

Catholic Education Commission of Victoria (CECV). (2016). [Child Safety Commitment Statement](#)

Catholic Education Melbourne. (2018). [eXcel: Wellbeing for learning in Catholic school communities](#)

Catholic Education Melbourne. (2017). [Horizons of Hope: Vision and Context](#)

Catholic Education Melbourne. (2017). [Horizons of Hope: Wellbeing](#)

Catholic Education Melbourne. (2017). [Horizons of Hope: Learning Diversity](#)

Catholic Education Melbourne. (2018). [Identity and growth: A perspective for Catholic schools](#)

## Related MACS Policies

Enrolment Policy

Student Behaviour Policy and related CECV Positive Behaviour Guidelines

Pastoral Care of Students Policy

Duty of Care Guidelines

# Appendix 5: Step-by-Step Guide: Online incidents of inappropriate behaviour affecting students

### Step 1

#### Identify Concerns

Is the student distressed?

A student may feel distressed by events including cyberbullying, sexting, exposure to pornographic images or a breach of the school's Bully Prevention Policy or Student Engagement Policy.

Has a student been exposed to inappropriate behaviour?

A student may have been exposed to and affected by inappropriate behaviour online. This may put them at risk of suffering significant physical, psychological or emotional harm. They may be in need of immediate protection.

Has a student engaged in inappropriate behaviour affecting ANOTHER student?

A student may have engaged in inappropriate behaviour online that may cause psychological or emotion harm to ANOTHER student(s). All students may be in need of immediate protection.

Has a student engaged in inappropriate behaviour affecting THEMSELVES?

A student may have engaged in inappropriate behaviour online that could be psychologically and/or emotionally damaging to THEMSELVES (e.g. sexting). They may be in need of immediate protection.

Has the student engaged in CRIMINAL behaviour?

A student may have engaged in inappropriate behaviour online that could be deemed as CRIMINAL activity.

\*Please note: an incident of concern may include one or more of the above.

### Step 2

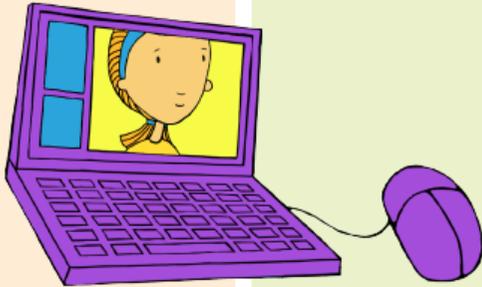
#### Take Action

Ensure the student is safe

If you suspect or have identified an incident of concern, it is important to first make sure the student/s are in a safe environment.

Further inquire into the incident

Inquire into the inappropriate incident. This may include discussions with all staff and students who have been directly or indirectly involved the incident and/or its effects.



### Step 3

#### Contact the Appropriate Supports

**Leadership team**

If your inquiry leads you to believe that a concern is real, but it is NOT CRIMINAL then immediately advise and/or consult a member of the school's leadership team to report the incident and plan the appropriate response and support.

**The Victoria Police**

If your inquiry leads you to believe that a CRIMINAL offense may have occurred, contact the Police.

In such cases seek advice about contacting the parents of all students involved in the incident.

If a school is unsure whether an incident should be reported, the Police will advise the school as to whether they will investigate or whether the school should handle the situation.

**Security Services Unit**

All reportable incidents should be reported to Security Services Unit. If a school is unsure whether an incident is criminal or not they can also contact the Security Services Unit. This will alert regional staff.

Phone: (03) 9589 6266

### Step 4

#### Respond and Provide Support

Support all involved people

Provide reasonable and ongoing wellbeing support to all students and staff who were involved in or witness to the incident.

Refer to the School's Policy

In responding to online incidents of inappropriate behaviour, Principals and teachers should refer to their Bullying Prevention and/or Student Engagement Policy and follow the appropriate processes and procedures.

Each Victorian government school has developed a Bullying Prevention and/or Student Engagement Policy that sets out the rights, responsibilities and shared expectations of everyone in the school community, including students, parents, teachers and school staff. The policy clearly defines the consequences for students who behave inappropriately, (online and offline)

Work with Leadership Team

Work closely with your school's Leadership and/or Student Wellbeing Team to discuss strategies that can be used to respond to and support ALL students at risk from the inappropriate behaviour. This may include counselling and support or the development of a Behaviour Support Plan to implement targeted strategies.

Keep a record of the Behaviour Support Plan, make notes on any relevant observations, and review it as necessary.

For more information, visit Behaviour Support Plans: [www.education.vic.gov.au/about/programs/bullystoppers/Pages/teachplans.aspx](http://www.education.vic.gov.au/about/programs/bullystoppers/Pages/teachplans.aspx).

Contact Parents

Where appropriate, contact the parents of all students involved. If a school is unsure whether parents should be contacted, the Department's Legal Division or Security Services Unit can assist to make a decision.

Consult Regional Staff

Contact your student wellbeing or Community Liason Officers in your Regional Office for support.

<p><b>North Eastern Victoria Region</b></p> <p>Benalla: (03) 8392 9500 Glen Waverly: (03) 8392 9300</p>	<p><b>South Eastern Victoria Region</b></p> <p>Dandenong: (03) 8765 5600 Moe: (03) 5127 0400</p>
<p><b>North Western Victoria Region</b></p> <p>Bendigo: (03) 5440 3111 Coburg: (03) 9488 9488</p>	<p><b>South Western Victoria Region</b></p> <p>Ballarat: (03) 5337 8444 West Footscray: (03) 8397 0300 Geelong: (03) 5225 1000</p>

### Further Information

#### Remember to Record

At all times remember to:

- Record the incident. (e.g. screen shots of the incident, notes from the interviews)
- Record the process taken to resolve the incident (e.g. steps taken to remove content, mediation attempts).

#### Bully Stoppers

For more information visit DET's Bully Stoppers website: [www.education.vic.gov.au/bullystoppers](http://www.education.vic.gov.au/bullystoppers)

#### Security Services Unit

A 24 hour/7 day a week single reference point to report emergency matters and critical incidents including criminal and unwanted activities.

Phone: (03) 9589 6266

